

UOB Smart Japan Small And Mid Cap Fund (UOBSJSM)

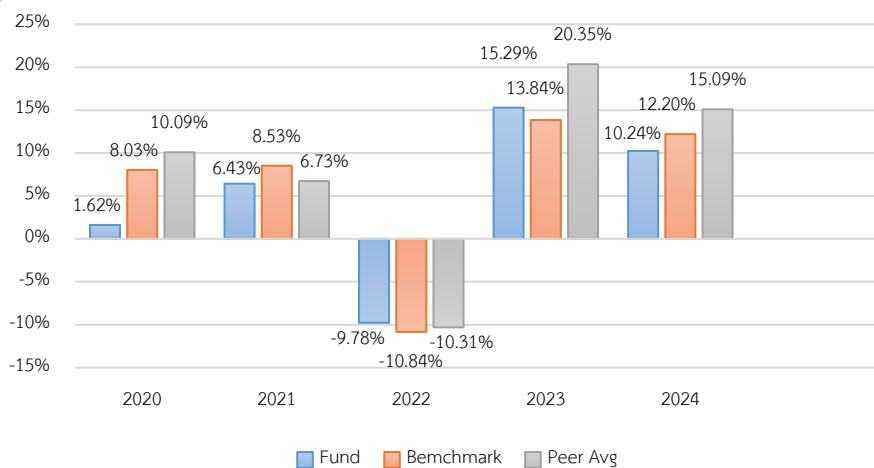
Fund Type / AIMC Category

- Equity Fund
- Feeder Fund / Fund with Foreign Investment related Risks
- Japan Equity

Investment Policy and Strategy

- The fund will mainly invest in UNITED JAPAN SMALL AND MID CAP FUND (Master Fund).
- The master fund is managed by UOB Asset Management Ltd (Singapore).
- The fund aims to achieve performance close to the Master Fund while the Master Fund aims to outperform the benchmark. (active management)

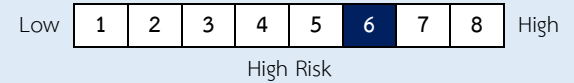
Calendar Year Performance (% p.a.)



Fund Performance (%)

	YTD	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year*
Fund Return	9.22	11.43	10.08	10.17
Benchmark Return	10.76	11.02	10.28	11.39
Peer Average	6.25	10.67	6.11	6.83
Fund Standard Deviation	11.08	3.95	10.74	21.68
Benchmark Standard Deviation	11.75	4.17	11.51	21.69
	3 Years*	5 Years *	10 Years *	Since Inception *
Fund Return	10.38	9.31	6.70	9.26
Benchmark Return	10.88	9.96	5.24	6.75
Peer Average	12.06	11.49	5.73	-
Fund Standard Deviation	9.80	11.23	14.32	13.77
Benchmark Standard Deviation	9.20	11.28	11.51	11.27
Remark : * % p.a.				

Risk Level



Mainly invest in equity instruments at least 80% of NAV, in average, in any accounting year.

Fund Information

Registered Date	7 March 2014
Share Class Launch Date	There is no class division.
Dividend Policy	No dividend
Fund Duration	Indefinite

Fund Manager

Mr. Waroon Saptaweekul Since 13 May 2025

Benchmark

MSCI Japan SMID Cap Net Total Return JPY (100%)
Adjusted with the cost of hedging exchange rate risk to compare the value of the baht currency on the date of calculation of returns, 95 percent. and adjusted with the exchange rate to compare with the value of the baht currency on the date of calculating of return, 5 percent.

Remark:

- The Management Company uses such index as a benchmark for fund performance comparison.

Warning:

- Investment in Mutual Fund is not bank deposit.
- Past performance is not indicative of future results.

Certified by Thai Private Sector Collective Action

Against Corruption: Declared CAC

Full Prospectus



Investors should study
Liquidity Risk Management
Tools in the prospectus.

www.uobam.co.th

Subscription

Subscription date : Every business day
 Business hours : 08:30 a.m. - 03:30 p.m.
 Min. initial subscription : Indefinite
 Min. subsequent subscription : Indefinite

Redemption

Redemption date : Every business day
 Business hours : 08:30 a.m. - 02:00 p.m.
 Min. redemption : Indefinite
 Min. account balance : Indefinite
 Settlement period : T+5 working day
 from redemption order date

Remark:

Settlement Period: Business holidays abroad are not included.

Statistical Data

Maximum Drawdown -21.00 %
 Recovering Period 1 Year
 FX Hedging 90.74 %
 Sharpe Ratio 0.63
 Alpha -1.50
 Beta 0.81
 Portfolio Turnover Ratio 0.08

Fees charged to the Fund (% p.a. of NAV / Include VAT)

Fees	Max.	Actual
Management Fee	1.6050	1.6050
Total expenses	4.2800	1.7746

Rebate fee = 1.0500 % of NAV

Remark:

The Management Company may consider changing the actual fees charged to reflect strategy or administrative costs.

Fees charged to unitholders (% of the unit price / Include VAT)

Fees	Max.	Actual
Front-end Fee	1.50	1.50
Back-end Fee	1.50	waived
Switching-in Fee	1.50	1.50
Switching-out Fee	1.50	waived
Transfer fee	10 Baht per 500 units or fraction of 500 units	10 Baht per 500 units or fraction of 500 units

Remark:

1. In case of switching in, the Management Company will not charge front-end fee.
2. The Management Company may consider changing the actual fees charged to reflect strategy or administrative costs.
3. The Management Company can charge fees differently to each group or each unitholder.

Asset Allocation

breakdown	% NAV
1. Unit Trust	94.92
2. Other Asset and Liability	5.08

Top 5 Holdings

holding	% NAV
1. United Japan Small and Mid Cap Fund - Class JPY	94.92

Investment in the other funds more than 20% of NAV

Fund name : United Japan Small And Mid Cap Fund - Class Jpy

ISIN code : SG9999010854

Bloomberg code : UJSMCJP SP

Information on the relationship between the management company and the foreign fund manager (Master Fund) and the collection of fees and expenses.

1. Shareholding structure between the management company and UOBAMSG

Currently, the management company has UOB Asset Management LTD. (Singapore) ("UOBAMSG") as a major shareholder, holding 99.99 percent of the total shares of the management company. The Chief Executive Officer of UOBAMSG is a member of the management company's board of directors, which is responsible for strategic planning and overseeing overall business operations of the management company that does not include the day-to-day operations and investments of funds under the management of the management company.

2. Details of fees and expenses

The mutual fund invests in investment units of foreign funds managed by UOBAMSG by paying a fund management fee (Management Fee) and other fees such as custodian fees, and registrar fees, etc., to foreign funds in accordance with the general standards of practice in the asset management industry for investments of mutual funds that invest abroad and it is a normal business operation that UOBAMSG has collected from other investors in the same category that is general according to the details specified in the foreign fund's prospectus.

The management company is of the opinion that Investing in foreign funds It does not cause a conflict of interest. Because the mutual funds of the management company receive benefits and has duties and responsibilities according to the terms and conditions of foreign funds Is at a standard level that is equivalent to or not inferior to the benefits and responsibilities that UOBAMSG's international funds are offered or charged to other institutional investors.

Definition

Maximum Drawdown : The percentage of the fund's maximum loss in the past 5 years (or since the fund's inception if it is launched for less than 5 years) which is measured from the highest NAV per unit to the lowest NAV per unit during such period. Maximum Drawdown is an indicator of the risk of loss from investing in the fund.

Recovering Period : The length of time that the fund takes in recovering from the point of maximum loss to earning back the initial investment.

FX Hedging : The percentage of foreign currency investment with FX hedging.

Portfolio Turnover Ratio : The frequency of securities trading in the fund portfolio over a certain period, calculated by taking the lower value between the sum of the value of securities purchased and the sum of the value of securities sold of the fund in 1 year period divided by the average NAV in the same period. A fund with high Portfolio Turnover Ratio indicates frequent securities trading by fund manager resulting in high trading costs. Therefore, it is necessary to compare with the performance of the fund in order to assess the worthiness of such securities trading.

Sharpe Ratio : A ratio between the excess return of a fund and the risk of investment. The Sharpe ratio reveals the average investment return, minus the risk-free rate of return, divided by the standard deviation of returns for the fund. The Sharpe ratio reflects the extra return that should be received by the fund to compensate the amount of risk taken in investment. The fund with a higher Sharpe ratio is considered superior to other funds in terms of management efficiency since it provides higher excess return under the same risk level.

Alpha : The excess return of a fund relative to the return of a benchmark index. A fund with high alpha indicates that it is able to beat the performance of its corresponding benchmark which is a result of the capabilities of the fund manager in selecting appropriate securities for investment or making investment in a timely manner.

Beta : A measure of the degree and direction of volatility of the rate of return of assets in the investment portfolio of the fund compared to the changes in the overall market. A beta of less than 1.0 implies that the rate of return of the fund's assets is less volatile than that of the securities in the broader market whereas a beta of greater than 1.0 implies that the rate of return of the fund's assets is more volatile than that of the broader market.

Tracking Error : The efficiency of the fund to imitate its return to benchmark. Low Tracking Error means the fund is effective in generating return close to benchmark. High Tracking Error means the fund generates return more deviate from benchmark.

Yield to Maturity : The rate of return earned on a bond held to maturity, calculated from the interest expected to receive in the future over that bond duration and paid back principal discounted to the present value. It is used to measure return of fixed income funds by calculating the weighted average of Yield to Maturity of each bond that the fund invests. As Yield to Maturity has standard unit in percentage per annum, it can be used to compare the returns between fixed income funds that have an investment policy of holding bonds until maturity and similar investment characteristics.

“Important Notice: This Document has been translated from Thai. If there is any inconsistency or ambiguity between the English version and the Thai version, the Thai version shall prevail.”