

Subscription	Redemption	Statistical Data
Subscription date : Every business day	Redemption date : Every business day	Maximum Drawdown -21.00 %
Business hours : 08:30 a.m. - 03:30 p.m.	Business hours : 08:30 a.m. - 02:00 p.m.	Recovering Period 1 Year
Min. initial subscription : None	Min. redemption : None	FX Hedging 94.41 %
Min. subsequent subscription : None	Min. holding balance : None	Sharpe Ratio 0.96
	Settlement period : T+5 business days after the redemption date.	Alpha -2.04
Remark:		Beta 0.84
The Settlement period does not include non-business days in foreign countries.		Portfolio Turnover Ratio 0.26

Fees charged to the Fund (% p.a. of NAV / Include VAT)		
Fees	Max.	Actual
Management Fee	1.6050	1.6050
Total expenses	4.2800	1.7707
Rebate fee = 1.0500 % of NAV		
Remark:	The management company may adjust the actual fees charged to align with its investment strategy or management expenses.	

Fees charged to unitholders (% of the unit price / Include VAT)		
Fees	Max.	Actual
Front-end Fee	1.50	1.50
Back-end Fee	1.50	waived
Switching-in Fee	1.50	1.50
Switching-out Fee	1.50	waived
Transfer fee	10 Baht per 500 units or fraction of 500 units	10 Baht per 500 units or fraction of 500 units
Remark:	1. In case of switching in, the Management Company will not charge front-end fee. 2. The management company may adjust the actual fees charged to align with its investment strategy or management expenses. 3. The Management Company may apply different fee structures to each investor group.	

Asset Allocation		Top 5 Holdings	
breakdown	% NAV	holding	% NAV
1. Unit Trust	98.72	1. United Japan Small and Mid Cap Fund - Class JPY	98.72
2. Other Asset and Liability	1.28		

Investment in the other funds exceeding 20% of NAV

Fund name : United Japan Small And Mid Cap Fund - Class Jpy

ISIN code : SG9999010854

Bloomberg code : UJSMCJP SP

Information on the relationship between the management company and the foreign fund manager (Master Fund) and the collection of fees and expenses.

1. Shareholding structure between the management company and UOBAMSG

Currently, the management company has UOB Asset Management LTD. (Singapore) ("UOBAMSG") as a major shareholder, holding 99.99 percent of the total shares of the management company. The Chief Executive Officer of UOBAMSG is a member of the management company's board of directors, which is responsible for strategic planning and overseeing overall business operations of the management company that does not include the day-to-day operations and investments of funds under the management of the management company.

2. Details of fees and expenses

The mutual fund invests in investment units of foreign funds managed by UOBAMSG by paying a fund management fee (Management Fee) and other fees such as custodian fees. and registrar fees, etc., to foreign funds in accordance with the general standards of practice in the asset management industry for investments of mutual funds that invest abroad and it is a normal business operation that UOBAMSG has collected from other investors in the same category that is general according to the details specified in the foreign fund's prospectus.

The management company is of the opinion that Investing in foreign funds It does not cause a conflict of interest. Because the mutual funds of the management company receive benefits and has duties and responsibilities according to the terms and conditions of foreign funds Is at a standard level that is equivalent to or not inferior to the benefits and responsibilities that UOBAMSG's international funds are offered or charged to other institutional investors.

Definition

Maximum Drawdown : The percentage of the fund's maximum loss in the past 5 years (or since the fund's inception if it is launched for less than 5 years) which is measured from the highest NAV per unit to the lowest NAV per unit during such period. Maximum Drawdown is an indicator of the risk of loss from investing in the fund.

Recovering Period : The length of time that the fund takes in recovering from the point of maximum loss to earning back the initial investment.

FX Hedging : The percentage of foreign currency investment with FX hedging.

Portfolio Turnover Ratio : The frequency of securities trading in the fund portfolio over a certain period, calculated by taking the lower value between the sum of the value of securities purchased and the sum of the value of securities sold of the fund in 1 year period divided by the average NAV in the same period. A fund with high Portfolio Turnover Ratio indicates frequent securities trading by fund manager resulting in high trading costs. Therefore, it is necessary to compare with the performance of the fund in order to assess the worthiness of such securities trading.

Sharpe Ratio : A ratio between the excess return of a fund and the risk of investment. The Sharpe ratio reveals the average investment return, minus the risk-free rate of return, divided by the standard deviation of returns for the fund. The Sharpe ratio reflects the extra return that should be received by the fund to compensate the amount of risk taken in investment. The fund with a higher Sharpe ratio is considered superior to other funds in terms of management efficiency since it provides higher excess return under the same risk level.

Alpha : The excess return of a fund relative to the return of a benchmark index. A fund with high alpha indicates that it is able to beat the performance of its corresponding benchmark which is a result of the capabilities of the fund manager in selecting appropriate securities for investment or making investment in a timely manner.

Beta : A measure of the degree and direction of volatility of the rate of return of assets in the investment portfolio of the fund compared to the changes in the overall market. A beta of less than 1.0 implies that the rate of return of the fund's assets is less volatile than that of the securities in the broader market whereas a beta of greater than 1.0 implies that the rate of return of the fund's assets is more volatile than that of the broader market.

Tracking Error : The efficiency of the fund to imitate its return to benchmark. Low Tracking Error means the fund is effective in generating return close to benchmark. High Tracking Error means the fund generates return more deviate from benchmark.

Yield to Maturity : The rate of return earned on a bond held to maturity, calculated from the interest expected to receive in the future over that bond duration and paid back principal discounted to the present value. It is used to measure return of fixed income funds by calculating the weighted average of Yield to Maturity of each bond that the fund invests. As Yield to Maturity has standard unit in percentage per annum, it can be used to compare the returns between fixed income funds that have an investment policy of holding bonds until maturity and similar investment characteristics.

Important Notice: This Document has been translated from Thai. If there is any inconsistency or ambiguity between the English version and the Thai version, the Thai version shall prevail."